Vehicle Identification Number

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Vehicle Identification Number (VIN)

- Unique identification number for every vehicle manufactured for sale in the US
- Fingerprint is unique for a person, a VIN is unique for every vehicle
- · Contains coded information about the vehicle
- Primary purpose: identify each vehicle if stolen
- Other uses:
 - Track registrations
 - Insurance coverage
 - Track parking tickets
 - Smog Check Vehicle Identification

Pre 1981 VIN

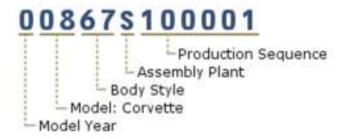
- First used in 1954
- From 1954 to 1981, there was no accepted standard
- Manufacturers used different formats
- Location on the vehicle was not standardized
- This affects 1976 to 1980 vehicles that are subject to smog inspection

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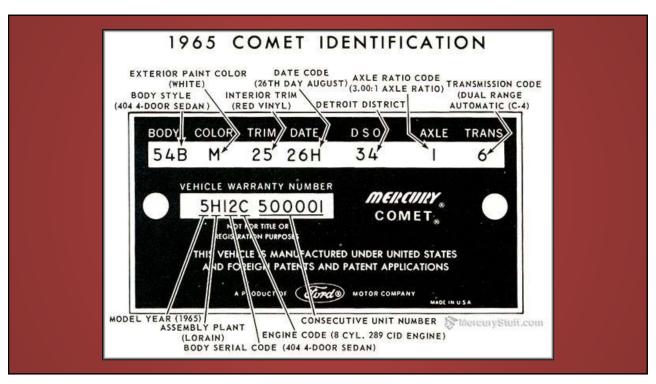


Early VID Decoding

GM VIN for 1960 Corvette



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General Motors VIN

008678100001

Production Sequence
Assembly Plant
Body Style
Model: Corvette
Model Year



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1981 Standardization

- National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) created a unified VIN system
 - U.S. government agency responsible for implementing and enforcing the National Traffic and Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1966,
- Requires 17 alpha / numeric characters that uniquely identifies the vehicle
 - The letters I, O or Q' cannot be used
 - if a character looks like a I, O or Q; it is a 1 or a zero
- VIN is required to have 7 sections
- Beginning with the 1980 model year, the VINs of any two vehicles
- manufactured within a 60-year period must not be identical

17 Character VIN Breakdown

- 1st: character identifies the country of origin
- 2nd: character identifies the manufacturer
- 3rd: character identifies a division within the manufacturer

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North America Country Codes

- North American Countries are represented by numbers:
 - United States (1, 4 or 5)
 - Canada (2)
 - Mexico (3)

Characters 4 through 8

- These characters do not have a designated use
- Manufactures are allowed to use them to describe the attributes of the vehicle
- 4th character often identifies the platform
- 5th and 6th characters identify other vehicle attributes
- 7th character usually identifies body type (ie coupe, sedan, SUV, truck)
 - This character must always be alphabetic
- 8th character usually provides the engine information
- http://www.angelfire.com/ca/TORONTO/VIN/WMI.html#mfg

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17 Character Breakdown

- 9th character is always an accuracy check digit
 - http://www.angelfire.com/ca/TORONTO/VIN/checkdigit.html
- 10th character is the model year
 - September 1st through August 31st
- 11th is the plant code
- Last six characters, 12 through 17, are the production sequence numbers

10th Character is Model Year

Α	1980	L	1990	Y	2000	Α	2010
В	1981	M	1991	1	2001	В	2011
C	1982	N	1992	2	2002	C	2012
D	1983	Р	1993	3	2003	D	2013
E	1984	R	1994	4	2004	E	2014
F	1985	s	1995	5	2005	F	2015
G	1986	Т	1996	6	2006	G	2016
н	1987	V	1997	7	2007	н	2017
J	1988	W	1998	8	2008	J	2018
К	1989	X	1999	9	2009	K	2019

Pattern repeats every 30 years

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Standardized Location

- Driver's side dashboard visible through the windshield from outside the car
- Also located on a decal in the drivers side door jam
- Caution if using the VIN on the door jam









Motor Vehicle Theft Prevention Standard

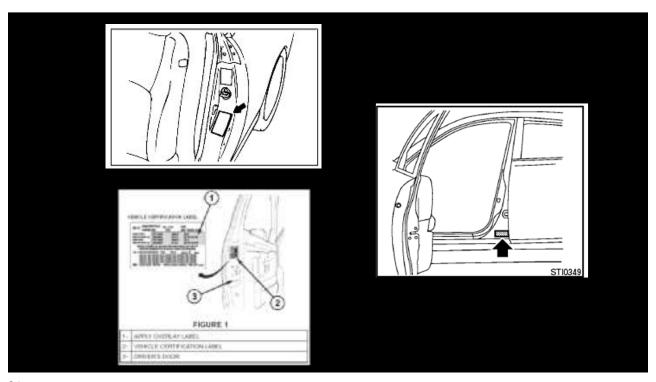
- Established in 1987
- Requires the VIN be affixed to major parts like engines, hoods and fenders) of vehicles considered "high theft" risk.

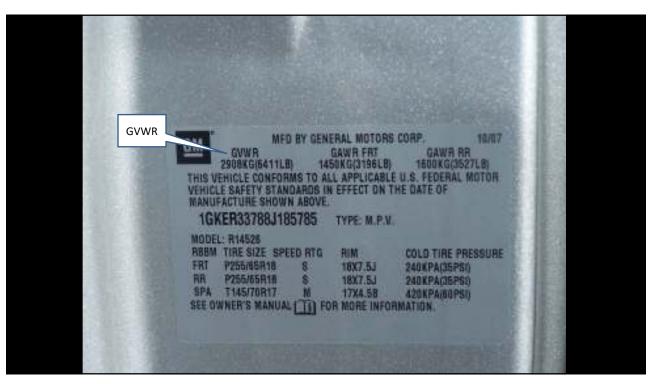


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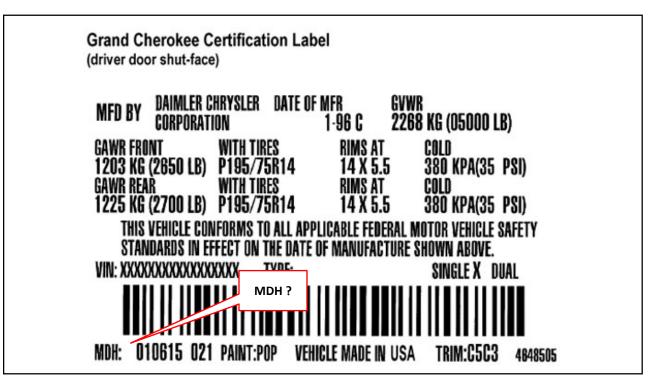
VEHICLE SAFETY CERTIFICATION LABEL

- Attached to the left side pillar post or on the rearward-facing section of the left front door.
- Month and year of manufacture
- Gross vehicle weight rating (GVWR)
- Gross axle weight rating (GAWR)
- Vehicle Identification Number (VIN).







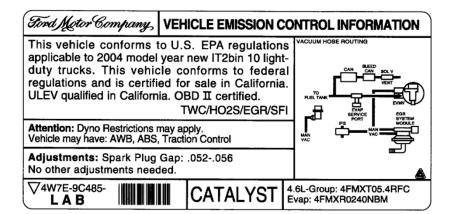


Gross Vehicle Weight Rating

- A gross vehicle weight rating (GVWR) is the maximum allowable total weight of a road vehicle or trailer when loaded
 i.e., including the weight of the vehicle itself plus passengers, and cargo.
- For example, a pickup truck with a curb weight of 4,500 pounds (2,041 kg) might have a cargo capacity of 2,000 pounds (907 kg), meaning it can have a gross weight of 6,500 pounds (2,948 kg) when fully loaded.

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Vehicle Emission Control Label (VECI)



A0086703

Figure 1: Typical Vehicle Emission Control Information (VECI) Decal.

VECI LABEL

- Engine identification
- Required Emission Equipment
- Emissions standard that the vehicle meets
- Vacuum hose routing diagram
- Base ignition timing (if adjustable)
- Spark plug type and gap
- Valve lash
- Emission calibration code

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EMISSION STANDARDS

- Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)
 - In the United States, emissions standards are managed by the EPA as well as some U.S. state governments.
- California Air Resources Board (CARB).
 - The strictest standards in the world are established in California by CARB

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Grey Market Vehicles

- Vehicle that was not designed for sale in the United States
- Does not meet US Federal Safety Standards (airbags or passive belt systems)
- May not meet Federal or California emission standards

Identifying Grey Market Vehicles

- Vehicle Certification Label:
 - Vehicle meets "Canadian Safety Standards for vehicle model year 2000"
- Speedometer is in kilometers
- Gauges are in liters
- Vehicle Certification Label is printed in Arabic
- Grey Market vehicle must be referred to the Referee for certification and a Referee label

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